

ZSCALER AND PANTHER DEPLOYMENT GUIDE

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Terms and Acronyms

The following table defines acronyms used in this deployment guide. When applicable, a Request for Change (RFC) is included in the Definition column for your reference.

Acronym	Definition
CA	Central Authority (Zscaler)
CSV	Comma-Separated Values
DDoS	Distributed Denial of Service
DLP	Data Loss Prevention
DNS	Domain Name Service
DPD	Dead Peer Detection (RFC 3706)
GRE	Generic Routing Encapsulation (RFC2890)
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
IdP	Identity Provider
IKE	Internet Key Exchange (RFC2409)
IPS	Intrusion Prevention System
IPSec	Internet Protocol Security (RFC2411)
PFS	Perfect Forward Secrecy
PSK	Pre-Shared Key
SaaS	Software as a Service
SIEM	Security Information and Event Management
SSL	Secure Socket Layer (RFC6101)
TLS	Transport Layer Security
VDI	Virtual Desktop Infrastructure
XFF	X-Forwarded-For (RFC7239)
ZPC	Zscaler Posture Control (Zscaler)
ZDX	Zscaler Digital Experience (Zscaler)
ZIA	Zscaler Internet Access (Zscaler)
ZPA	Zscaler Private Access (Zscaler)

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About This Document

The following sections describe the organizations and requirements of this deployment guide.

Zscaler Overview

Zscaler (NASDAQ: [ZS](#)) enables the world's leading organizations to securely transform their networks and applications for a mobile and cloud-first world. Its flagship Zscaler Internet Access (ZIA) and Zscaler Private Access (ZPA) services create fast, secure connections between users and applications, regardless of device, location, or network. Zscaler delivers its services 100% in the cloud and offers the simplicity, enhanced security, and improved user experience that traditional appliances or hybrid solutions can't match. Used in more than 185 countries, Zscaler operates a massive, global cloud security platform that protects thousands of enterprises and government agencies from cyberattacks and data loss. To learn more, see [Zscaler's website](#).

Panther Overview

Panther is a leading provider of next-generation SIEM solutions, designed to detect and respond to security threats in real time. Leveraging a modern architecture, Panther offers speed, scale, and accuracy in threat detection, helping organizations stay ahead of cyber threats. To learn more, refer to [Panther's website](#).

Audience

This guide is for network administrators, endpoint and IT administrators, and security analysts responsible for deploying, monitoring, and managing enterprise security systems. For additional product and company resources, see:

- [Zscaler Resources](#)
- [Panther Resources](#)
- [Appendix A: Requesting Zscaler Support](#)

Software Versions

This document was authored using the latest version of Zscaler software.

Request for Comments

- **For prospects and customers:** Zscaler values reader opinions and experiences. Contact partner-doc-support@zscaler.com to offer feedback or corrections for this guide.
- **For Zscaler employees:** Contact z-bd-sa@zscaler.com to reach the team that validated and authored the integrations in this document.

Zscaler and Panther Introduction

Overviews of the Zscaler and Panther applications are described in this section.



If you are using this guide to implement a solution at a government agency, some of the content might be different for your deployment. Efforts are made throughout the guide to note where government agencies might need different parameters or input. If you have questions, contact your Zscaler Account team.

ZIA Overview

ZIA is a secure internet and web gateway delivered as a service from the cloud. Think of ZIA as a secure internet on-ramp—just make Zscaler your next hop to the internet via one of the following methods:

- Setting up a tunnel (GRE or IPSec) to the closest Zscaler data center (for offices).
- Forwarding traffic via our lightweight Zscaler Client Connector or PAC file (for mobile employees).

No matter where users connect—a coffee shop in Milan, a hotel in Hong Kong, or a VDI instance in South Korea—they get identical protection. ZIA sits between your users and the internet and inspects every transaction inline across multiple security techniques (even within SSL).

You get full protection from web and internet threats. The Zscaler cloud platform supports Cloud Firewall, IPS, Sandboxing, DLP, and Isolation, allowing you to start with the services you need now and activate others as your needs grow.

ZPA Overview

ZPA is a cloud service that provides secure remote access to internal applications running on a cloud or data center using a Zero Trust framework. With ZPA, applications are never exposed to the internet, making them completely invisible to unauthorized users. The service enables the applications to connect to users via inside-out connectivity rather than extending the network to them.

ZPA provides a simple, secure, and effective way to access internal applications. Access is based on policies created by the IT administrator within the ZPA Admin Portal and hosted within the Zscaler cloud. On each user device, software called Zscaler Client Connector is installed. Zscaler Client Connector ensures the user's device posture and extends a secure microtunnel out to the Zscaler cloud when a user attempts to access an internal application.

Zscaler Resources

The following table contains links to Zscaler resources based on general topic areas.

Name	Definition
ZIA Help Portal	Help articles for ZIA.
ZPA Help Portal	Help articles for ZPA.
Zscaler Tools	Troubleshooting, security and analytics, and browser extensions that help Zscaler determine your security needs.
Zscaler Training and Certification	Training designed to help you maximize Zscaler products.
Submit a Zscaler Support Ticket	Zscaler Support portal for submitting requests and issues.

The following table contains links to Zscaler resources for government agencies.

Name	Definition
ZIA Help Portal	Help articles for ZIA.
ZPA Help Portal	Help articles for ZPA.
Zscaler Tools	Troubleshooting, security and analytics, and browser extensions that help Zscaler determine your security needs.
Zscaler Training and Certification	Training designed to help you maximize Zscaler products.
Submit a Zscaler Support Ticket	Zscaler Support portal for submitting requests and issues.

Panther Platform Overview

Panther is a cloud-native threat detection platform that helps organizations detect and respond to security threats:

- Threat detection: Panther analyzes logs in real time to detect threats as soon as they are ingested. It uses detection-as-code (DaC) to write and manage detections using software engineering best practices.
- Incident response: Panther provides enriched alerts for context to help teams quickly identify and mitigate security incidents.
- Data lake: Panther stores critical security logs in a scalable data lake that provides fast search performance on large data sets.
- Scalability: Panther's serverless architecture autoscales with your team as it grows.
- Integration: Panther integrates with critical log sources like AWS S3, AWS CloudTrail, and AWS VPC Flow Logs.
- Ease of use: Panther's interface centralizes and expands security and compliance operations.

Panther Resources

The following table contains links to Panther support resources.

Name	Definition
Panther Knowledge Base	Help articles on Panther.
Zscaler Integration Guide	Integration Guide for Zscaler and Panther.
S3 Integration Guide	Onboarding AWS S3 as a Data Transport log source in the Panther Console.

Introduction

Cloud NSS is an optional service managed by Zscaler and uses HTTP/HTTPS to send logs. With Cloud NSS, there is no need to deploy a VM.



Figure 1. Zscaler Cloud NSS architecture

Ingesting ZIA Logs via Cloud NSS

Panther supports ingesting Zscaler Internet Access (ZIA) Admin Audit logs by using either an HTTP source or an AWS S3 bucket. To onboard the Zscaler ZIA log in Panther, you first create a Zscaler ZIA source in Panther, then configure an NSS Cloud Feed in Zscaler.

Step 1: Set Up the ZIA Source in Panther

To set up the ZIA source in Panther:

1. In the left-side pane of the Panther Console, select **Configure > Log Sources**.
2. In the top right, click **Create New**.
3. Search for **Zscaler ZIA**, then click that tile. You can configure Zscaler to either stream ZIA logs directly to a Panther HTTP endpoint, or to an S3 bucket in your environment, from which Panther then pulls.
4. In the Transport Mechanism drop-down menu, select the Data Transport method you want to use for this integration: **HTTP** or **AWS S3 Bucket**.
5. Click **Start Setup**.

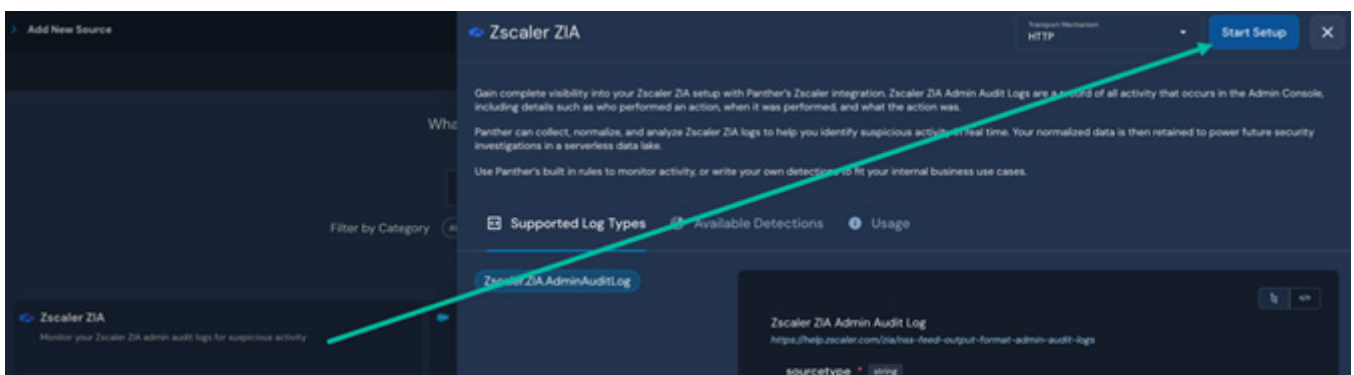


Figure 2. Start Setup

6. Follow Panther's instructions for configuring the [Data Transport](#) method you chose:
 - a. **HTTP:** Follow Panther's [instructions for configuring an HTTP Source](#).
 - During setup, on the security configuration page, you are required to use [shared secret authentication](#).
 - Payloads sent to this source are subject to the [payload requirements for all HTTP sources](#).
 - Do not proceed to the next step until the creation of your HTTP endpoint has completed.
 - b. **S3:** Follow Panther's [instructions for configuring an S3 Source](#).
 - Follow the [instructions on setting up an S3 source in Panther](#).

Step 2: Set Up an S3 Bucket

For AWS S3 ingest only. In the [Zscaler SaaS Security and Amazon S3 Deployment Guide](#), follow the instructions in the *Integrating Zscaler Cloud NSS with Amazon S3* section. Stop when you reach the *Add a Cloud NSS Feed in the ZIA Admin Portal* section, and go to [Step 3: Configure a Cloud NSS Feed in the ZIA Admin Portal](#).

Step 3: Configure a Cloud NSS Feed in the ZIA Admin Portal

To configure a Cloud NSS feed:

1. For an HTTP source, if you are using HTTP as your Data Transport, follow the instructions in [Adding Cloud NSS Feeds for Admin Audit Logs](#) (government agencies, see [Adding Cloud NSS Feeds for Admin Audit Logs](#)).
 - a. **SIEM Rate:** Leave as **Unlimited**.
 - b. **SIEM Type:** Select **Other**.
 - c. **OAuth 2.0 Authentication:** Make sure this setting is disabled.
 - d. **Max Batch Size:** Leave as-is.
 - e. **API URL:** Enter the HTTP Source URL you generated in the Panther Console.
 - f. **HTTP Headers:** In the **Key** field, enter `x-panther-zscaler`. In the **Value** field, enter the Shared Secret value you generated or entered in Panther.
 - g. **Log Type:** Select **Admin Audit** and leave the rest of the fields as they are.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Cloud NSS Feed' configuration window. It includes fields for Feed Name, NSS Type (NSS for Web), Status (Enabled), SIEM Rate (Unlimited), SIEM CONNECTIVITY (SIEM Type: Other, OAuth 2.0 Authentication: disabled, Max Batch Size: 512 KB, API URL: https://your-log-source-url.com/http/15d0e26c-2f0f-4386-a9e1-7d88eb3d59b0, HTTP Headers: Key 1: x-panther-zscaler, Value 1: [redacted]), and FORMATTING (Log Type: Admin Audit, Feed Output Type: JSON).

Figure 3. Add Cloud NSS Feed

- For an S3 bucket, If you are using S3 as your Data Transport, follow the *Add a Cloud NSS Feed in the ZIA Admin Portal* instructions in the [Zscaler SaaS Security and Amazon S3 Deployment Guide](#) (government agencies, see [Zscaler SaaS Security API and Amazon S3 Deployment Guide](#)):

Figure 4. Add Cloud NSS Feed

Supported Log Types

The following log types are supported.

Zscaler.ZIA.AdminAuditLog

The Admin Audit log records key events in the ZIA Admin Portal, such as logins, logouts, and resource actions (like create and update). The Admin Audit log is primarily used to investigate potentially suspicious activity or diagnose and troubleshoot errors.

schema: Zscaler.ZIA.AdminAuditLog

description: Zscaler ZIA Admin Audit Log

referenceURL: <https://help.zscaler.com/zia/nss-feed-output-format-admin-audit-logs>

fields:

- name: sourcetype
 - required: true
 - description: The type of source generating the log event.
 - type: string
- name: event
 - required: true
 - description: The audit log event.
 - type: object
 - fields:

- name: time
 - required: true
 - description: The timestamp of the audit log.
 - type: timestamp
 - timeFormats:
 - '%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Y'
 - isEventTime: true
- name: recordid
 - required: true
 - description: The unique identifier for the log.
 - type: string
- name: action
 - required: true
 - description: The action performed.
 - type: string
- name: category
 - description: The location in the portal where the action was performed.
 - type: string
- name: subcategory
 - description: The sub-location in the portal where the action was performed.
 - type: string
- name: resource
 - description: The specific location within a sub-category.
 - type: string
- name: interface
 - description: The means by which the user performed their actions.
 - type: string
- name: adminid
 - description: The login id of the admin who performed the action.
 - type: string

```
    indicators:
      - email
      - actor_id
- name: clientip
  description: The source IP address for the admin.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - ip
- name: result
  description: The outcome of an action.
  type: string
- name: errorcode
  description: The error code if the action failed.
  type: string
- name: auditlogtype
  description: The Admin Audit log type.
  type: string
- name: preaction
  description: Data before any policy or configuration changes.
  type: json
- name: postaction
  description: Data after any policy or configuration changes.
  type: json
```

Ingesting ZPA logs

Panther supports ingesting ZPA logs by using either an HTTP or AWS S3 Data Transport source. The following ZPA log types are supported:

- [Audit Log](#) (government agencies, see [Audit Log](#))
- [User Activity](#) (government agencies, see [User Activity](#))
- [User Status](#) (government agencies, see [User Status](#))
- [App Connector Status](#) (government agencies, see [App Connector Status](#))
- [App Connector Metrics](#) (government agencies, see [App Connector Metrics](#))

Step 1: Set Up a ZPA Source in Panther

To configure a ZPA source:

1. In the left-side navigation bar of your Panther Console, click **Configure > Log Sources**.
2. In the top right, click **Create New**.
3. Search for `zscaler zpa`, then click its tile.
4. In the **Transport Mechanism** drop-down menu of the drawer, select the [Data Transport](#) method you'd like to use for this integration: **AWS S3 Bucket** or **HTTP**. This selection depends on how you'd like to configure your Log Receiver to forward logs—either to a Panther HTTP endpoint, or to an S3 bucket in your environment, from which Panther pulls.
5. Click **Start Setup**.

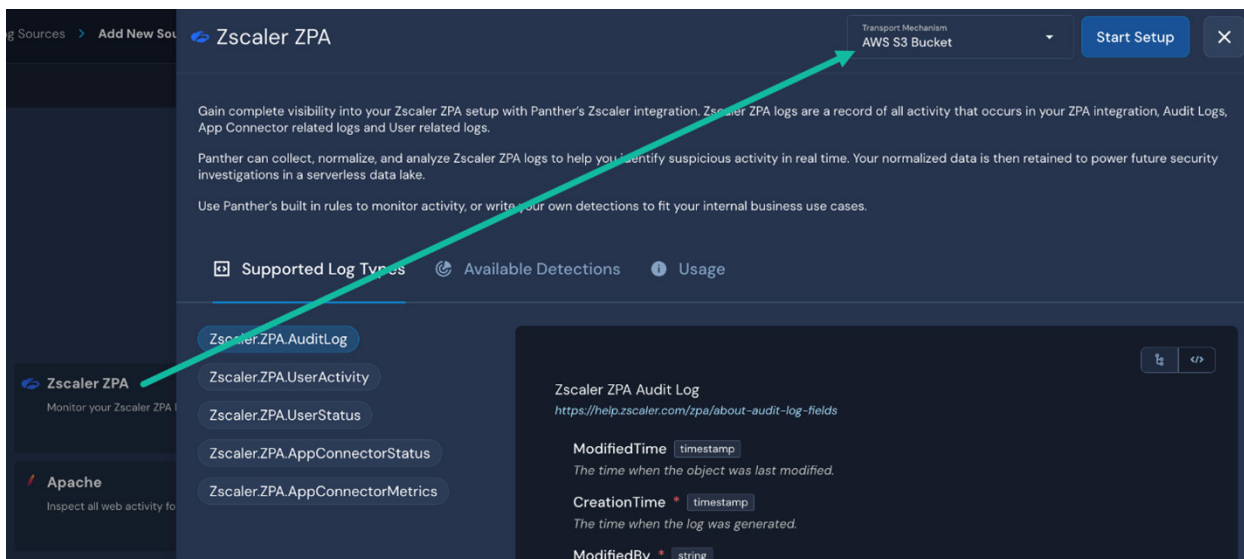


Figure 5. Zscaler ZPA

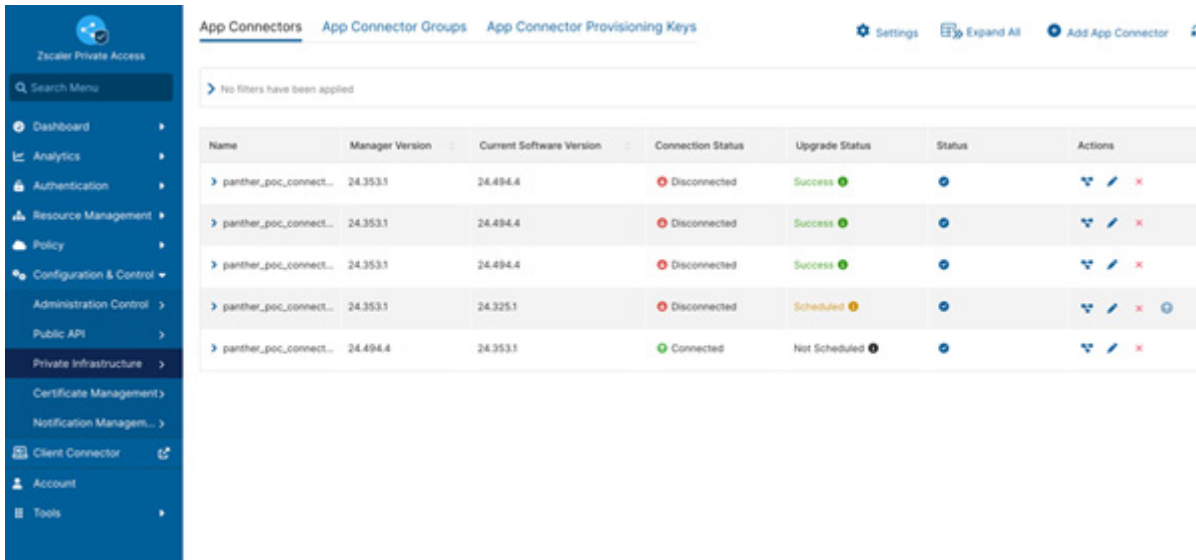
6. Follow Panther's instructions for configuring the Data Transport method you chose:
 - a. **HTTP:** Follow Panther's [instructions for configuring an HTTP Source](#).
 - During setup, on the security configuration page, [Shared Secret](#) is recommended for its simplicity.
 - Payloads sent to this source are subject to the [payload requirements for all HTTP sources](#).
 - Do not proceed to the next step until the creation of your HTTP endpoint has completed.
 - b. **S3:** Follow Panther's [instructions for configuring an S3 Source](#).
 - Follow the [instructions on setting up an S3 source in Panther](#).

Step 2: Create and Deploy an App Connector in ZPA

If you already have App Connectors deployed as part of your existing Zscaler infrastructure, you can also use them for forwarding logs to Panther. In that case, you can skip this step.

To create and deploy an [App Connector](#) (government agencies, see [App Connector](#)).

1. Add an App Connector to the ZPA Admin Portal by following the instructions in [Configuring App Connectors](#) (government agencies, see [Configuring App Connectors](#)).
2. Deploy the App Connector on the [supported platform](#) (government agencies, see [supported platform](#)) of your choice by following the relevant guide within [App Connector Deployment Guides for Supported Platforms](#) (government agencies, see [App Connector Deployment Guides for Supported Platforms](#))
 - To learn more about deployment, see [About Deploying App Connectors](#) (government agencies, see [About Deploying App Connectors](#)).
3. Monitor the status of your App Connector instances in your ZPA Admin Portal by going to **Configuration & Control > Private Infrastructure > App Connectors**.



Name	Manager Version	Current Software Version	Connection Status	Upgrade Status	Status	Actions
panther_poc_connect...	24.353.1	24.494.4	Disconnected	Success	●	[Edit] [Delete]
panther_poc_connect...	24.353.1	24.494.4	Disconnected	Success	●	[Edit] [Delete]
panther_poc_connect...	24.353.1	24.494.4	Disconnected	Success	●	[Edit] [Delete]
panther_poc_connect...	24.353.1	24.325.1	Disconnected	Scheduled	●	[Edit] [Delete] [Refresh]
panther_poc_connect...	24.494.4	24.353.1	Connected	Not Scheduled	●	[Edit] [Delete]

Figure 6. App Connectors

Step 3: Configure One or More Log Receivers

A Log Receiver is any storage location that can receive TCP traffic with ZPA logs from your App Connectors, then forward them to your HTTP or S3 log source in Panther.

Zscaler recommends using Fluent Bit as your Log Receiver, but you can use a different Log Receiver depending on your needs. The following instruction set assumes you are using Fluent Bit.

Deploy a Fluent Bit Service

For an S3 Bucket, if you are using S3 as your Data Transport, follow the [Panther documentation](#). Use the [TCP to Amazon S3 example on Fluent Bit Configuration Examples](#) as a reference.

You can optionally enable TLS between your TCP input by adding the following entries to the [INPUT] variables:

- `tls: on`
- `tls.verify: on`
- `tls.key_file: {tls_key_path}`
- `tls.cert_file: {certificate_path}`

Configure One or More Log Receivers in ZPA

You must create a separate Log Receiver for each log type you'd like to forward to Panther. For all of these log types, you can use the same Fluent Bit instance and log source (HTTP endpoint or S3 bucket) in Panther.

For each log type you'd like to ingest in Panther, add a log receiver by following the instructions in [Configuring a Log Receiver](#) (government agencies, see [Configuring a Log Receiver](#)). Take note of the following input guidelines:

- On the **Log Receiver** tab:
 - **Domain or IP Address:** Enter the domain or IP of your Fluent Bit service.
 - **TCP Port:** Enter the port where the Fluent Bit service is running.
 - **TLS Encryption:** Select **Enabled** if you require TLS encryption for the data sent to your Fluent Bit input, and you have enabled it in the Fluent Bit configuration file.

Figure 7. Add Log Receiver

- On the **Log Stream** tab:
 - **Log Type:** Select one of the log types supported by Panther.
 - **Log Template:** Select **JSON**.

Supported Log Types

The following log types are supported.

Zscaler.ZPA.AuditLog

The Audit log records key events in the ZPA Admin Portal, such as logins, logouts, and resource actions (like create and update). The Audit log is primarily used to investigate potentially suspicious activity or diagnose and troubleshoot errors.

schema: Zscaler.ZPA.AuditLog

description: Zscaler ZPA Audit Log

referenceURL: <https://help.zscaler.com/zpa/about-audit-log-fields>

fields:

- name: ModifiedTime
 - description: The time when the object was last modified.
 - type: timestamp
 - timeFormats:
 - rfc3339
- name: CreationTime
 - required: true
 - description: The time when the log was generated.
 - type: timestamp
 - timeFormats:
 - rfc3339
 - isEventTime: true
- name: ModifiedBy
 - required: true
 - description: The ID of the user who modified the object.
 - type: string
- name: RequestID
 - description: The unique ID associated with the request.
 - type: string
- name: SessionID
 - description: The ID of the user session.
 - type: string

```
- name: AuditOldValue
  description: The previous value before the change.
  type: json
- name: AuditNewValue
  description: The new value after the change.
  type: json
- name: AuditOperationType
  required: true
  description: The action performed.
  type: string
- name: ObjectType
  description: The location within the ZPA Admin Portal where the Action was
performed.
  type: string
- name: ObjectName
  description: The name of the object being affected.
  type: string
- name: ObjectID
  description: The ID of the affected object.
  type: string
- name: CustomerID
  description: The ZPA tenant ID of the customer.
  type: string
- name: User
  description: The username of the admin associated with the audit action.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - email
    - username
    - actor_id
- name: ClientAuditUpdate
```

description: Indicates whether the client audit was updated. Value is either 0 or 1.

type: bigint

Zscaler.ZPA.UserActivity

The User Activity log captures and records various activities performed by users when they access internal applications via the ZPA service. You can use the User Activity log to investigate unauthorized access attempts, perform compliance monitoring, and identify unusual application access patterns.

schema: Zscaler.ZPA.UserActivity

description: Zscaler ZPA User Activity log

referenceURL: <https://help.zscaler.com/zpa/about-user-activity-log-fields>

fields:

- name: LogTimestamp
 - required: true
 - description: Timestamp when the log was generated.
 - type: timestamp
 - timeFormats:
 - '%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Y'
 - isEventTime: true
- name: Customer
 - required: true
 - description: The name of the customer.
 - type: string
- name: SessionID
 - description: The TLS session ID.
 - type: string
- name: ConnectionID
 - description: The application connection ID.
 - type: string
- name: InternalReason
 - required: true
 - description: The internal reason for the status of the transaction.
 - type: string

```

- name: ConnectionStatus
  description: 'The status of the connection. The expected values for this field are:
Open, Close, Active.'
  type: string
- name: IPProtocol
  description: The IP protocol number.
  type: bigint
- name: DoubleEncryption
  description: The double encryption status.
  type: bigint
- name: Username
  required: true
  description: The user name as entered into the Zscaler Client Connector.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - username
- name: ServicePort
  description: The service port associated with the application request.
  type: bigint
- name: ClientPublicIP
  description: The public IP address of the Zscaler Client Connector.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - ip
- name: ClientPrivateIP
  description: The private IP address of the Zscaler Client Connector.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - ip
- name: ClientLatitude
  description: The latitude coordinate of the Zscaler Client Connector location.

```

```

    type: float
- name: ClientLongitude
  description: The longitude coordinate of the Zscaler Client Connector location.
  type: float
- name: ClientCountryCode
  description: The country code of the Zscaler Client Connector location.
  type: string
- name: ClientZEN
  description: The ZPA Public Service Edge that received the request from the Zscaler
Client Connector.
  type: string
- name: Policy
  description: The access policy rule name.
  type: bigint
- name: Connector
  description: The App Connector name.
  type: string
- name: ConnectorZEN
  description: The ZPA Public Service Edge that sent the request from the App
Connector.
  type: string
- name: ConnectorIP
  description: The source IP address of the App Connector.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - ip
- name: ConnectorPort
  description: The port number used by the connector.
  type: bigint
- name: Host
  description: The host domain or IP address.
```

```

    type: string
    indicators:
      - hostname
- name: Application
  description: The application name.
  type: string
- name: AppGroup
  description: The application group name.
  type: string
- name: Server
  description: The server ID name. The server ID will be set to zero if dynamic server discovery is enabled.
  type: string
- name: ServerIP
  description: The destination IP address of the server.
  type: string
  indicators:
    - ip
- name: ServerPort
  description: The destination port of the server.
  type: bigint
- name: PolicyProcessingTime
  description: Time in microseconds taken for processing the access policy associated with the application.
  type: bigint
- name: ServerSetupTime
  description: Time in microseconds taken for setting up connection at server.
  type: bigint
- name: TimestampConnectionStart
  description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge or ZPA Private Service Edge received the initial request from Zscaler Client Connector to start the connection.
  type: timestamp

```

```

timeFormats:
  - rfc3339
- name: TimestampConnectionEnd
  description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge or ZPA Private Service Edge
terminated the connection.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampCATx
  description: Timestamp when the central authority sent request to ZPA Public
Service Edge or ZPA Private Service Edge.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampCARx
  description: Timestamp when the central authority received request from ZPA Public
Service Edge or ZPA Private Service Edge.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampAppLearnStart
  description: Timestamp when ZPA services start the process to learn about an
application.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampZENFirstRxClient
  description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge received the first byte from
the Zscaler Client Connector.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampZENFirstTxClient

```


description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge sent the first byte to the Zscaler Client Connector.

type: timestamp

timeFormats:

- rfc3339

- name: TimestampZENLastRxClient

description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge received the last byte from the Zscaler Client Connector.

type: timestamp

timeFormats:

- rfc3339

- name: TimestampZENLastTxClient

description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge sent the last byte to the Zscaler Client Connector.

type: timestamp

timeFormats:

- rfc3339

- name: TimestampConnectorZENSetupComplete

description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge received request from App Connector to set up data connection.

type: timestamp

timeFormats:

- rfc3339

- name: TimestampZENFirstRxConnector

description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge received the first byte from the App Connector.

type: timestamp

timeFormats:

- rfc3339

- name: TimestampZENFirstTxConnector

description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge sent the first byte to the App Connector.

type: timestamp

```

timeFormats:
  - rfc3339
- name: TimestampZENLastRxConnector
  description: The timestamp of the last received packet from the connector.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: TimestampZENLastTxConnector
  description: Timestamp when the ZPA Public Service Edge sent the last byte to the
App Connector.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - rfc3339
- name: ZENTotalBytesRxClient
  description: The total bytes received from the Zscaler Client Connector by the ZPA
Public Service Edge.
  type: bigint
- name: ZENBytesRxClient
  description: Bytes received from the client during the session.
  type: bigint
- name: ZENTotalBytesTxClient
  description: The total bytes transmitted to the Zscaler Client Connector from the
ZPA Public Service Edge.
  type: bigint
- name: ZENBytesTxClient
  description: The additional bytes transmitted to the Zscaler Client Connector since
the last transaction log.
  type: bigint
- name: ZENTotalBytesRxConnector
  description: Total bytes received from the connector.
  type: bigint
- name: ZENBytesRxConnector

```

description: The total bytes received from the App Connector by the ZPA Public Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: ZENTotalBytesTxConnector

description: The total bytes transmitted to the App Connector from the ZPA Public Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: ZENBytesTxConnector

description: The additional bytes transmitted by the App Connector since the last transaction log.

type: bigint

- name: Idp

description: The name of the identity provider (IdP) as configured in the ZPA Admin Portal.

type: string

- name: ClientToClient

description: The status of the client-to-client connection.

type: string

- name: ClientCity

description: The city of the client.

type: string

- name: MicroTenantID

description: The Microtenant ID of the user accessing the application.

type: string

- name: AppMicroTenantID

description: The Microtenant ID of the application.

type: string

Zscaler.ZPA.UserStatus

The User Status log provides detailed information about the connection and status of users within the ZPA environment. It helps with monitoring users' real-time access behavior, diagnosing connectivity issues, and tracking overall system health from a user perspective.

schema: Zscaler.ZPA.UserStatus

description: Zscaler ZPA User Status log

referenceURL: <https://help.zscaler.com/zpa/about-user-status-log-fields>

fields:

- name: LogTimestamp
 - required: true
 - description: Timestamp when the log was generated.
 - type: timestamp
 - timeFormats:
 - '%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Y'
 - isEventTime: true
- name: Customer
 - required: true
 - description: The name of the customer.
 - type: string
- name: Username
 - required: true
 - description: The user name.
 - type: string
 - indicators:
 - username
- name: SessionID
 - description: The TLS session ID.
 - type: string
- name: SessionStatus
 - description: The status of the session.
 - type: string

- name: Version
description: The Zscaler Client Connector version.
type: string
- name: ZEN
description: The ZPA Public Service Edge that was selected for the connection.
type: string
- name: CertificateCN
description: The certificate common name.
type: string
- name: PrivateIP
description: The private IP address of the Zscaler Client Connector.
type: string
indicators:
 - ip
- name: PublicIP
required: true
description: The public IP address of the Zscaler Client Connector.
type: string
indicators:
 - ip
- name: Latitude
description: The latitude coordinate of the Zscaler Client Connector location.
type: float
- name: Longitude
description: The longitude coordinate of the Zscaler Client Connector location.
type: float
- name: CountryCode
description: The country code of the Zscaler Client Connector location.
type: string
- name: TimestampAuthentication

```

    description: Timestamp when the Zscaler Client Connector was authenticated.
    type: timestamp
    timeFormats:
      - rfc3339
- name: TimestampUnAuthentication
    description: Timestamp when the Zscaler Client Connector was unauthenticated.
    type: timestamp
    timeFormats:
      - rfc3339
- name: TotalBytesRx
    description: The total bytes received.
    type: bigint
- name: TotalBytesTx
    description: The total bytes transmitted.
    type: bigint
- name: Idp
    description: The name of the identity provider (IdP) as configured in the ZPA Admin
Portal.
    type: string
- name: Hostname
    description: The name of the device as reported by the Zscaler Client Connector.
    type: string
    indicators:
      - hostname
- name: Platform
    description: The platform on the device as reported by the Zscaler Client
Connector.
    type: string
- name: ClientType
    description: The client type for the request.
    type: string

```

- name: TrustedNetworks
 - description: The unique IDs for the trusted networks that the Zscaler Client Connector has determined for this device.
 - type: array
 - element:
 - type: string
- name: TrustedNetworksNames
 - description: The names for the trusted networks that the Zscaler Client Connector has determined for this device.
 - type: array
 - element:
 - type: string
- name: SAMLAttributes
 - description: The list of SAML attributes reported by the IdP.
 - type: string
- name: PosturesHit
 - description: The posture profiles that the Zscaler Client Connector verified for this device.
 - type: array
 - element:
 - type: string
- name: PosturesMiss
 - description: The posture profiles that the Zscaler Client Connector failed to verified for this device.
 - type: array
 - element:
 - type: string
- name: ZENLatitude
 - description: The latitude coordinates for the ZPA Public Service Edge.
 - type: float
- name: ZENLongitude
 - description: The longitude coordinates for the ZPA Public Service Edge.

```

    type: float
- name: ZENCountryCode
  description: The country code for the ZPA Public Service Edge.
  type: string
- name: FQDNRegistered
  description: The status of the hostname for the client-to-client connection.
  type: string
- name: FQDNRegisteredError
  description: The status of the registered hostname.
  type: string
- name: City
  description: The city of the client.
  type: string
- name: MicroTenantID
  description: The Microtenant ID of the user accessing the application.
  type: string

```

Zscaler.ZPA.AppConnectorStatus

The App Connector Status log provides detailed information about the health, status, and operational behavior of App Connectors. Monitoring these logs helps administrators ensure that App Connectors are operating efficiently. These logs can help troubleshoot issues, maintain service reliability, and detect potential security incidents, such as attacks or misuse of applications.

```

schema: Zscaler.ZPA.AppConnectorStatus
description: Zscaler ZPA App Connector Status log
referenceURL: https://help.zscaler.com/zpa/about-connector-status-log-fields
fields:
- name: LogTimestamp
  required: true
  description: Timestamp when the log was generated.
  type: timestamp
  timeFormats:
    - '%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Y'
  isEventTime: true

```


- name: Customer
required: true
description: The name of the customer.
type: string
- name: SessionID
description: The TLS session ID.
type: string
- name: SessionType
description: The type of session.
type: string
- name: SessionStatus
description: The status of the session.
type: string
- name: Version
description: The App Connector package version.
type: string
- name: Platform
description: The host platform.
type: string
- name: ZEN
description: The ZPA Public Service Edge that was selected for the connection.
type: string
- name: Connector
required: true
description: The App Connector name.
type: string
- name: ConnectorGroup
required: true
description: The App Connector group name.
type: string

- name: PrivateIP
description: The private IP address of the App Connector.
type: string
indicators:
 - ip
- name: PublicIP
description: The public IP address of the App Connector.
type: string
indicators:
 - ip
- name: Latitude
description: The latitude coordinate of the App Connector location.
type: float
- name: Longitude
description: The longitude coordinate of the App Connector location.
type: float
- name: CountryCode
description: The country code.
type: string
- name: TimestampAuthentication
description: Timestamp when the App Connector was authenticated.
type: timestamp
timeFormats:
 - rfc3339
- name: TimestampUnAuthentication
description: Timestamp when the App Connector was unauthenticated.
type: timestamp
timeFormats:
 - rfc3339
- name: CPUUtilization

```

    description: The CPU utilization in %.
    type: bigint
- name: MemUtilization
    description: The memory utilization in %.
    type: bigint
- name: ServiceCount
    description: The number of services being monitored by the App Connector.
    type: bigint
- name: InterfaceDefRoute
    description: The name of the interface to default route.
    type: string
- name: DefRouteGW
    description: The IP address of the gateway to default route.
    type: string
    indicators:
      - ip
- name: PrimaryDNSResolver
    description: The IP address of the primary DNS resolver.
    type: string
    indicators:
      - ip
- name: HostStartTime
    description: Time in seconds at which host was started.
    type: bigint
- name: ConnectorStartTime
    description: Time in seconds at which the App Connector was started.
    type: bigint
- name: NumOfInterfaces
    description: The number of interfaces on the App Connector host.
    type: bigint

```

- name: BytesRxInterface
description: The bytes received on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: PacketsRxInterface
description: The packets received on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: ErrorsRxInterface
description: The errors received on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: DiscardsRxInterface
description: The discards received on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: BytesTxInterface
description: The bytes transmitted on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: PacketsTxInterface
description: The packets transmitted on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: ErrorsTxInterface
description: The errors transmitted on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: DiscardsTxInterface
description: The discards transmitted on the interface.
type: bigint
- name: TotalBytesRx
description: The total bytes received.
type: bigint
- name: TotalBytesTx
description: The total bytes transmitted.
type: bigint

```
- name: MicroTenantID
  description: The Microtenant ID of the user accessing the application.
  type: string
```

Zscaler.ZPA.AppConnectorMetrics

The App Connector Metrics log provides detailed information about the operational status and performance of an App Connector. Monitoring these logs can help administrators diagnose key security cases such as resource exhaustion (e.g., DDoS attacks), unauthorized access, data exfiltration attempts, and compromised connectors.

```
schema: Zscaler.ZPA.AppConnectorMetrics
description: Zscaler ZPA App Connector Metrics log
referenceURL: https://help.zscaler.com/zpa/about-app-connector-metrics-log-fields
fields:
  - name: LogTimestamp
    required: true
    description: Timestamp when the log was generated.
    type: timestamp
    timeFormats:
      - '%a %b %e %H:%M:%S %Y'
    isEventTime: true
  - name: Connector
    required: true
    description: The App Connector name.
    type: string
  - name: CPUUtilization
    description: The maximum CPU usage in the past 5 minutes.
    type: bigint
  - name: SystemMemoryUtilization
    description: The memory utilization of the entire VM.
    type: bigint
  - name: ProcessMemoryUtilization
    description: The memory utilization of the App Connector process.
    type: bigint
```

- name: AppCount
required: true
description: The number of Applications configured for access via this App Connector.
type: bigint
- name: ServiceCount
description: The number of services configured for access via this App Connector.
type: bigint
- name: TargetCount
description: The number of targets configured for access via this App Connector.
type: bigint
- name: AliveTargetCount
description: The number of targets alive for access via this App Connector.
type: bigint
- name: ActiveConnectionsToPublicSE
description: The number of active Microtunnel (M-tunnel) connections to the ZPA Public Service Edge.
type: bigint
- name: DisconnectedConnectionsToPublicSE
description: The number of disconnected Microtunnel (M-tunnel) connections to the ZPA Public Service Edge.
type: bigint
- name: ActiveConnectionsToPrivateSE
description: The number of active Microtunnel (M-tunnel) connections to the ZPA Private Service Edge.
type: bigint
- name: DisconnectedConnectionsToPrivateSE
description: The number of disconnected Microtunnel (M-tunnel) connections to the ZPA Private Service Edge.
type: bigint
- name: TransmittedBytesToPublicSE
description: The number of bytes transmitted by the App Connector to the ZPA Public Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: ReceivedBytesFromPublicSE

description: The number of bytes received by the App Connector from the ZPA Public Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: TransmittedBytesToPrivateSE

description: The number of bytes transmitted by the App Connector to the ZPA Private Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: ReceivedBytesFromPrivateSE

description: The number of bytes received by the App Connector from the ZPA Private Service Edge.

type: bigint

- name: AppConnectionsCreated

description: The number of created application Microtunnel (MTunnel) connections.

type: bigint

- name: AppConnectionsCleared

description: The number of cleared application Microtunnel (MTunnel) connections.

type: bigint

- name: AppConnectionsActive

description: The number of active application Microtunnel (MTunnel) connections.

type: bigint

- name: UsedTCPPortsIPv4

description: The number of used TCP ports for an IPv4 connection.

type: bigint

- name: UsedUDPPortsIPv4

description: The number used UDP ports for an IPv4 connection.

type: bigint

- name: UsedTCPPortsIPv6

description: The number of used TCP ports for an IPv6 connection.

type: bigint

- name: UsedUDPPortsIPv6

```
description: The number of used UDP ports for an IPv6 connection.  
type: bigint  
- name: AvailablePorts  
description: The number of usable ports.  
type: bigint  
- name: SystemMaximumFileDescriptors  
description: The number of total App Connector system file descriptors.  
type: bigint  
- name: SystemUsedFileDescriptors  
description: The number of used App Connector system file descriptors.  
type: bigint  
- name: ProcessMaximumFileDescriptors  
description: The number of total App Connector process file descriptors.  
type: bigint  
- name: ProcessUsedFileDescriptors  
description: The number of used App Connector process file descriptors.  
type: bigint  
- name: AvailableDiskBytes  
description: The number of free bytes available for an App Connector.  
type: bigint  
- name: MicroTenantID  
description: The Microtenant ID of the App Connector.  
type: string
```


Appendix A: Requesting Zscaler Support

If you need Zscaler Support to provision certain services or to help troubleshoot configuration and service issues, it is available 24/7/365.

To contact Zscaler Support:

1. Go to **Administration > Settings > Company Profile**.

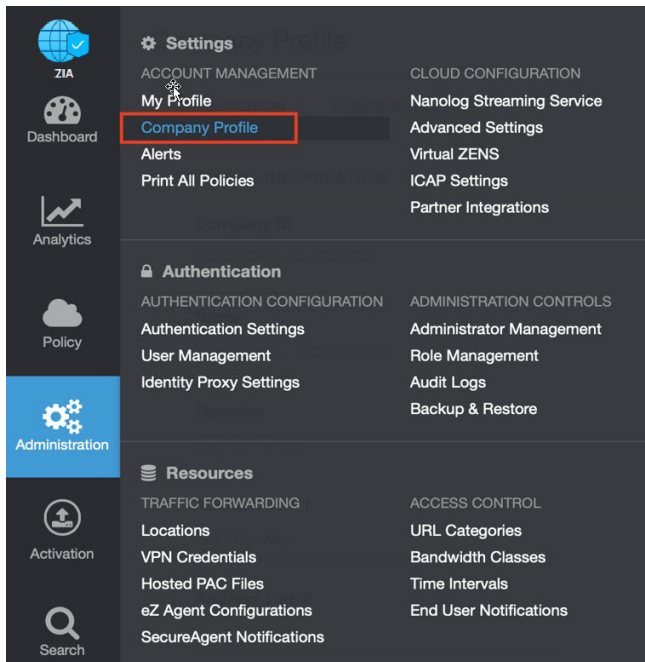


Figure 8. Collecting details to open support case with Zscaler TAC

2. Copy your **Company ID**.

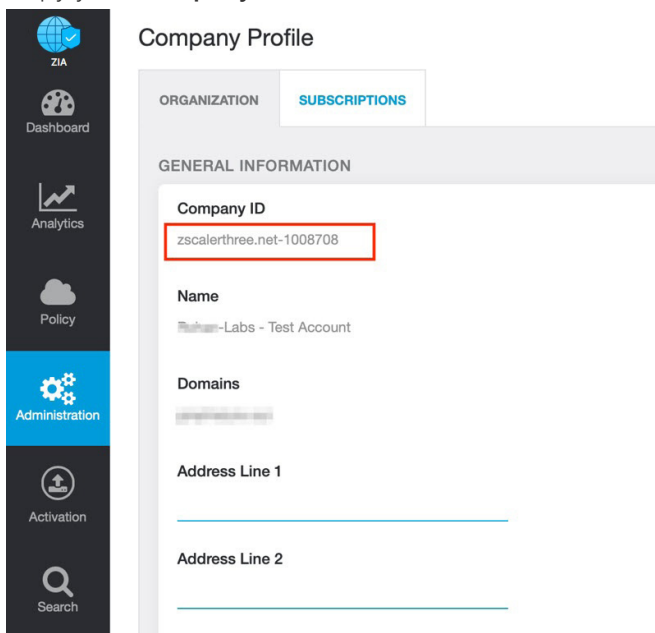


Figure 9. Company ID

3. With your company ID information, you can open a support ticket. Go to **Dashboard > Support > Submit a Ticket**.

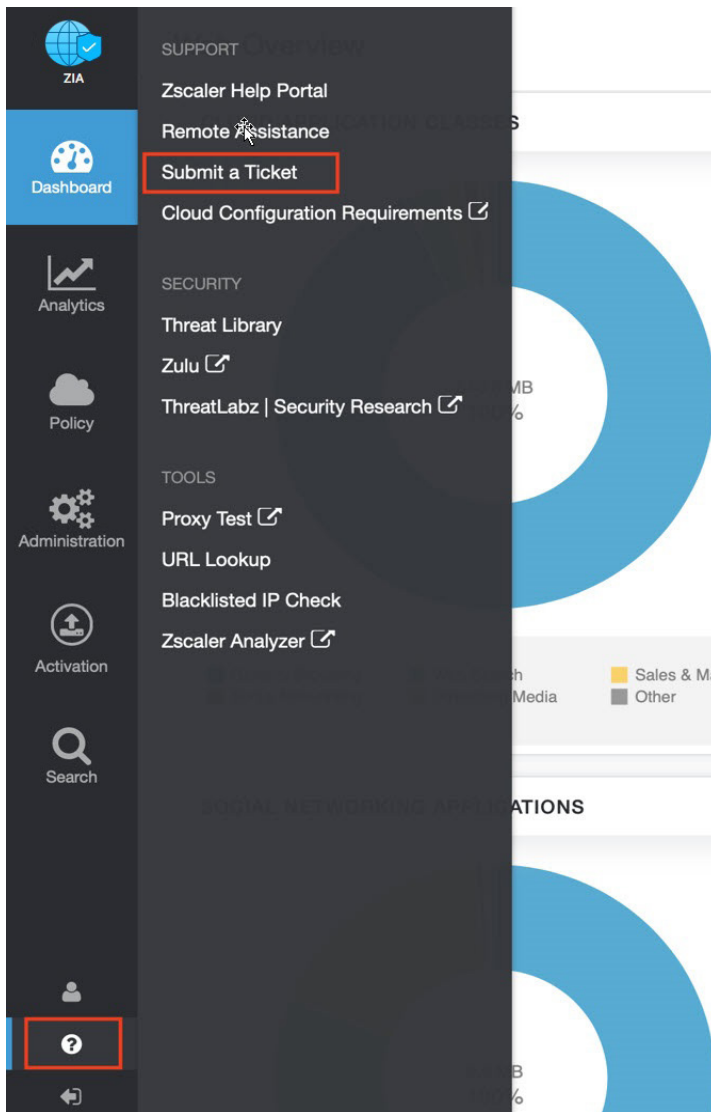


Figure 10. Submit a ticket